Caring for your baby's teeth

Before teeth appear, wipe your baby's gums with a clean, wet cloth at least once a day.

Once the first tooth appears, brush your baby's teeth 2 times a day. Use a tiny amount of fluoride toothpaste (about the size of a grain of rice).

Teach your baby to use a drinking cup when they are old enough to sit for meals and snacks (between 6 to 12 months old).

Aim to wean your baby from a bottle when they are 12 months old.

Take your baby for regular visits with a dental professional by one year of age.

Dental Program Public Health

604-864-3400
604-793-7160
604-918-7605
604-702-4900
604-860-7630
604-507-5400
604-539-2900
604-476-7000
604-814-5500
604-587-7900
604-587-4750
604-949-7200

Baby Teeth Are Important



www.fraserhealth.ca

This information does not replace the advice given to you by your healthcare provider.

Catalogue #255296 (April 2022) To order: patienteduc.fraserhealth.ca



Fraser Health Dental Program

Public Health dental hygienists can assess your child's risk for getting tooth decay.

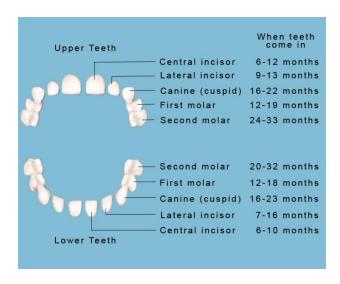
Fluoride varnish may be offered to children less than 3 years old who are not receiving regular dental care. This service is free.

Applying fluoride varnish on the teeth is a quick, easy, and safe way to help prevent tooth decay.



When will your child get teeth?

This chart is a guide. Baby teeth usually appear around these times and in this order, but each child is different.



For more information, visit:

• Fraser Health **Best Beginnings** web site www.fraserhealth.ca.
Search 'teething' or 'toothcare'.

• 'Tooth Brushing for Children Three and Under' (from Vancouver Coastal Health) on YouTube.

Helpful tips to prevent tooth decay

You choose what and when your child eats and drinks. Give 3 meals and 2 to 3 planned snacks a day.

Sit your child at the table for meals and snacks. It is important to start good eating and drinking habits early.

Don't allow children to sip or nibble between meals and planned snacks, or during sleep time. Even diluted milk, formula, and juice have sugars that can lead to tooth decay.

Don't share toothbrushes, cups, or eating utensils. Don't put your child's pacifier in your mouth. This is how cavity-causing germs can be passed from person to person.

Keep your own teeth and gums healthy. Healthy adult mouths transfer fewer germs to their children.

Baby Teeth are Important over...